

A function can be thought of as a rule that you apply to the input in order to get the output. You can describe a nonlinear function with words or with an equation, just as you did with linear functions.

Problem 3 Writing a Rule to Describe a Nonlinear Function

The ordered pairs (1, 2), (2, 4), (3, 8), (4, 16), and (5, 32) represent a function. What is a rule that represents this function?

Make a table to organize the x - and y -values. For each row, identify rules that produce the given y -value when you substitute the x -value. Look for a pattern in the y -values.

x	y
1	2
2	4
3	8
4	16
5	32

What rule produces 2, given an x -value of 1? The rules $y = 2x$, $y = x + 1$, and $y = 2^x$ work for (1, 2).

$y = x + 1$ does not work for (2, 4). $y = 2x$ works for (2, 4), but not for (3, 8). $y = 2^x$ works for all three pairs.

$8 = 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2$ and $16 = 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2$. The pattern of the y -values matches $2^1, 2^2, 2^3, 2^4, 2^5$, or $y = 2^x$.

The function can be represented by the rule $y = 2^x$.

Got It? 3. What is a rule for the function represented by the ordered pairs (1, 1), (2, 4), (3, 9), (4, 16), and (5, 25)?

Think

How can you use reasoning to write a rule?

You can solve a simpler problem by writing a rule based on the first one or two rows of the table. Then see if the rule works for the other rows.

Lesson Check

Do you know HOW?

1. Graph the function represented by the table below. Is the function *linear* or *nonlinear*?

x	0	1	2	3	4
y	12	13	14	15	16

2. The ordered pairs (0, -2), (1, 1), (2, 4), (3, 7), and (4, 10) represent a function. What is a rule that represents this function?

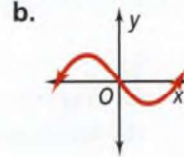
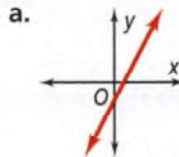
3. Which rule could represent the function shown by the table below?

x	0	1	2	3	4
y	0	-1	-4	-9	-16

- A. $y = x^2$ B. $y = -x^3$ C. $y = -x^2$

Do you UNDERSTAND? MATHEMATICAL PRACTICES

4. **Vocabulary** Does the graph represent a *linear function* or a *nonlinear function*? Explain.



5. **Error Analysis** A classmate says that the function shown by the table at the right can be represented by the rule $y = x + 1$. Describe and correct your classmate's error.

x	y
0	1
1	2
2	5
3	10
4	17



Practice and Problem-Solving Exercises



A Practice

The cost C , in dollars, for pencils is a function of the number n of pencils purchased. The length L of a pencil, in inches, is a function of the time t , in seconds, it has been sharpened. Graph the function shown by each table below. Tell whether the function is *linear* or *nonlinear*.

See Problem 1.

6.

Pencil Cost					
Number of Pencils, n	6	12	18	24	30
Cost, C	\$1	\$2	\$3	\$4	\$5

7.

Pencil Sharpening						
Time (s), t	0	3	6	9	12	15
Length (in.), L	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.4	7.3

Graph the function shown by each table. Tell whether the function is *linear* or *nonlinear*.

8.

x	y
0	5
1	5
2	5
3	5

9.

x	y
0	-4
1	-3
2	0
3	5

10.

x	y
0	0
1	1
2	-5
3	8

11.

x	y
0	0
1	3
2	6
3	9

12. For the diagram below, the table gives the total number of small triangles y in figure number x . What pattern can you use to complete the table? Represent the relationship using words, an equation, and a graph.

See Problem 2.

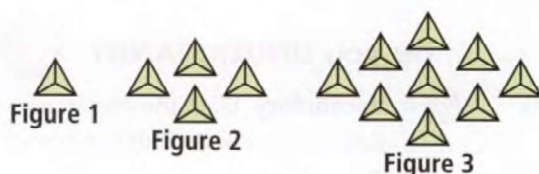


Figure Number, x	Total Small Triangles, y	Ordered Pair (x, y)
1	3	(1, 3)
2	12	(2, 12)
3	27	(3, 27)
4	■	■
5	■	■

Each set of ordered pairs represents a function. Write a rule that represents the function.

See Problem 3.

13. $(0, 0), (1, 4), (2, 16), (3, 36), (4, 64)$

14. $(1, \frac{2}{3}), (2, \frac{4}{9}), (3, \frac{8}{27}), (4, \frac{16}{81}), (5, \frac{32}{243})$

15. $(1, 2), (2, 16), (3, 54), (4, 128), (5, 250)$

16. $(0, 0), (1, 0.5), (2, 2), (3, 4.5), (4, 8)$

B Apply

17. **Writing** The rule $V = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$ gives the volume V of a sphere as a function of its radius r . Identify the independent and dependent variables in this relationship. Explain your reasoning.

18. **Open-Ended** Write a rule for a nonlinear function such that y is negative when $x = 1$, positive when $x = 2$, negative when $x = 3$, positive when $x = 4$, and so on.