

# Unit 1 Test Study Guide (Geometry Basics)

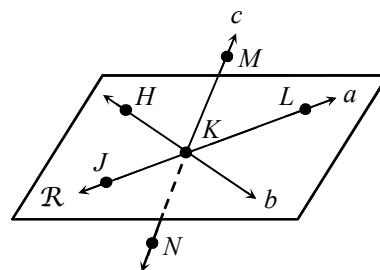
Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_ Per: \_\_\_\_\_

## Topic 1: Points, Lines & Planes

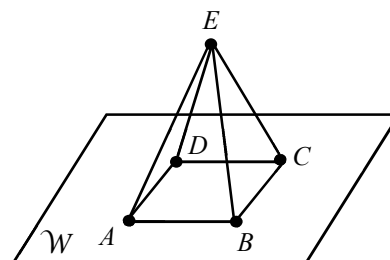
Use the diagram to the right to answer questions 1-4.

- Name two points collinear to point  $K$ . \_\_\_\_\_
- Give another name for line  $b$ . \_\_\_\_\_
- Name the intersection of line  $c$  and plane  $R$ . \_\_\_\_\_
- Name a point non-coplanar to plane  $R$ . \_\_\_\_\_



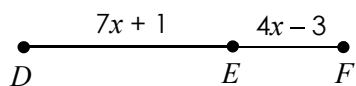
Use the diagram to the right to answer questions 5-8.

- How many planes are shown in the figure? \_\_\_\_\_
- Give another name for plane  $W$ . \_\_\_\_\_
- Name the intersection of plane  $ADE$  and plane  $W$ . \_\_\_\_\_
- Name a point non-collinear to points  $A$  and  $B$ . \_\_\_\_\_

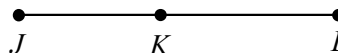


## Topic 2: Segment Addition Postulate

9. If  $DF = 42$ , find  $DE$ .

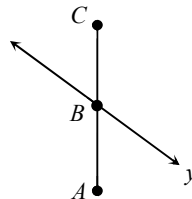


10. In the diagram below, if  $JL = 10x - 2$ ,  $JK = 5x - 8$ , and  $KL = 7x - 12$ , find  $KL$ .

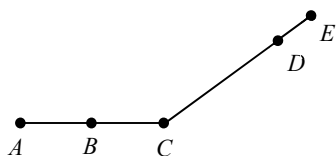


11. If  $S$  is the midpoint of  $\overline{RT}$ ,  $RS = 5x + 17$ , and  $ST = 8x - 31$ , find  $RS$ .

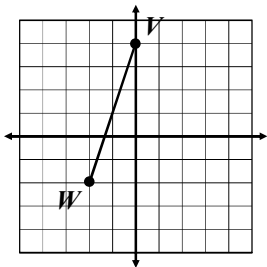
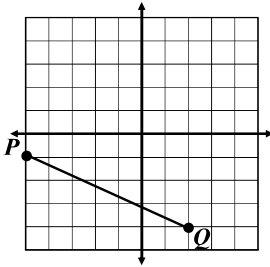
12. If line  $y$  bisects  $\overline{AC}$ ,  $AB = 4 - 5x$ , and  $BC = 2x + 25$ , find  $AC$ .



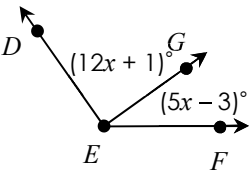
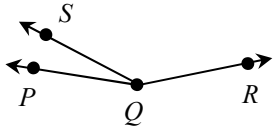
13. If  $B$  is the midpoint of  $\overline{AC}$ ,  $AC = CD$ ,  $AB = 3x + 4$ ,  $AC = 11x - 17$ , and  $CE = 49$ , find  $DE$ .



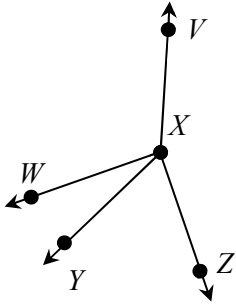
**Topic 3: Distance & Midpoint Formula**

DISTANCE FORMULA:	MIDPOINT FORMULA:
<p><b>14.</b> Find <math>ST</math> if <math>S(-3, 10)</math> and <math>T(-2, 3)</math>.</p>	<p><b>15.</b> Find <math>BC</math> if <math>B(8, -7)</math> and <math>C(-4, -2)</math>.</p>
<p><b>16.</b> Given the graph below, find <math>WV</math>.</p> 	<p><b>17.</b> Given the graph below, find <math>PQ</math>.</p> 
<p><b>18.</b> Find the coordinates of the midpoint of <math>\overline{HK}</math> if <math>H(-1, 2)</math> and <math>K(-7, -4)</math>.</p>	<p><b>19.</b> Find the coordinates of <math>Z</math> if <math>Y</math> is the midpoint of <math>\overline{XZ}</math>, <math>X(-10, 9)</math>, and <math>Y(-4, 8)</math>.</p>

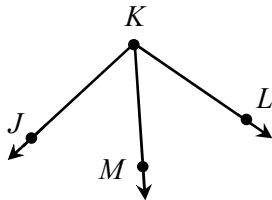
**Topic 4: Angle Measures**

<p><b>20.</b> If <math>m\angle DEF = 117^\circ</math>, find the value of <math>x</math>.</p> 	<p><b>21.</b> If <math>m\angle PQS = 16^\circ</math>, <math>m\angle SQR = (9x + 17)^\circ</math>, and <math>m\angle PQR = (12x - 6)^\circ</math>, find <math>m\angle PQR</math>.</p> 
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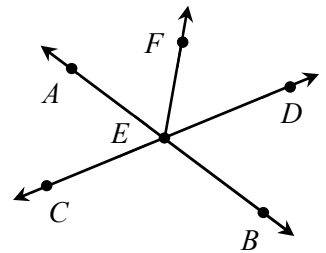
22. In the diagram below,  $\angle WXZ$  is a right angle. If  $m\angle WXV$  is eleven more than three times  $m\angle WXY$  and  $m\angle YXV = 139^\circ$ , find  $m\angle YXZ$ .



23. If  $\overline{KM}$  bisects  $\angle JKL$ ,  $m\angle JKL = 92^\circ$ , and  $m\angle MKL = (5x + 1)^\circ$ , find the value of  $x$ .



24. If  $\overline{EF}$  bisects  $\angle AED$ ,  $m\angle AEF = (4x + 3)^\circ$ , and  $m\angle FED = (7x - 33)^\circ$ , find  $m\angle CEB$ .

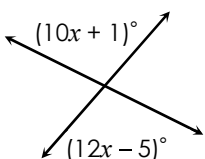


Use the diagrams below to answer 25-29.

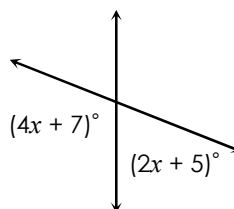
<p>A.</p>	<p>B.</p>	<p>C.</p>
<p>D.</p>	<p>E.</p>	<p>F.</p>

25. Which diagram(s) show adjacent angles? \_\_\_\_\_
26. Which diagram(s) show vertical angles? \_\_\_\_\_
27. Which diagram(s) show complementary angles? \_\_\_\_\_
28. Which diagram(s) show supplementary angles? \_\_\_\_\_
29. Which diagram(s) show a linear pair? \_\_\_\_\_

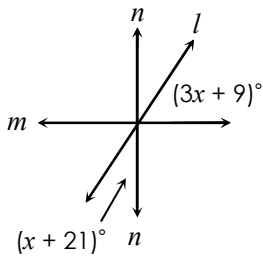
30. Solve for  $x$ .



31. Solve for  $x$ .



32. If  $m \perp n$ , solve for  $x$ .



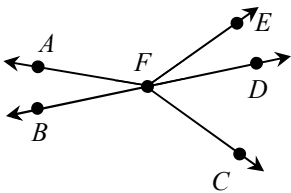
33.  $\angle 1$  and  $\angle 2$  form a linear pair. If  $m\angle 1 = (18x - 1)^\circ$  and  $m\angle 2 = (23x + 17)^\circ$ , find  $m\angle 2$ .

34.  $\angle G$  and  $\angle H$  are complementary angles. If  $m\angle G = (6x - 15)^\circ$  and  $m\angle H = (3x + 6)^\circ$ , find  $m\angle H$ .

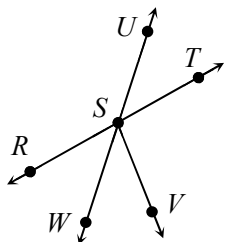
35.  $\angle 1$  and  $\angle 2$  are vertical angles. If  $m\angle 1 = (5x + 12)^\circ$  and  $m\angle 2 = (6x - 11)^\circ$ , find  $m\angle 1$ .

36. The measure of  $\angle P$  is five less than four times the measure of  $\angle Q$ . If  $\angle P$  and  $\angle Q$  are supplementary angles, find  $m\angle P$ .

37. In the diagram below,  $\angle AFB \cong \angle EFD$ . If  $m\angle EFD = (5x + 6)^\circ$ ,  $m\angle DFC = (19x - 15)^\circ$ , and  $m\angle EFC = (17x + 19)^\circ$ , find  $m\angle AFE$ .



38. If  $\overrightarrow{SV} \perp \overrightarrow{RT}$ ,  $m\angle RSU = (17x - 3)^\circ$ , and  $m\angle UST = (6x - 1)^\circ$ , find each missing measure.



$x =$  \_\_\_\_\_  
 $m\angle RSU =$  \_\_\_\_\_  
 $m\angle UST =$  \_\_\_\_\_  
 $m\angle WSV =$  \_\_\_\_\_  
 $m\angle VSU =$  \_\_\_\_\_