

Rational Numbers as Decimals

Write the repeating decimal as a fraction.

① $0.\overline{7}$

Let $x = 0.\overline{7}$

$10 \cdot x = 10 \cdot 0.\overline{7}$

$10x = 7.\overline{7}$

$10x - x = 7.\overline{7} - 0.\overline{7}$

$\frac{9x}{9} = \frac{7}{9}$

$x = \frac{7}{9}$

② $0.3\overline{8}$

Let $x = 0.3\overline{8}$

$10x = 3.\overline{8}$

$3.8888\dots$

$10x - x = 3.\overline{8} - .3\overline{8}$

$-\underline{.3888\dots}$

$\frac{9x}{9} = \frac{3.5}{9}$

3.5

$x = \frac{3.5 \times 10}{9 \times 10} = \frac{35 \div 5}{90 \div 5} = \frac{7}{18}$

$x = \frac{7}{18}$

③ $8.\overline{45}$

Let $x = 8.\overline{45}$

$100x = 845.\overline{45}$

$100x - x = 845.\overline{45} - 8.\overline{45}$

$\frac{99x}{99} = \frac{845 \div 9}{99 \div 9}$

$x = \frac{5}{11}$

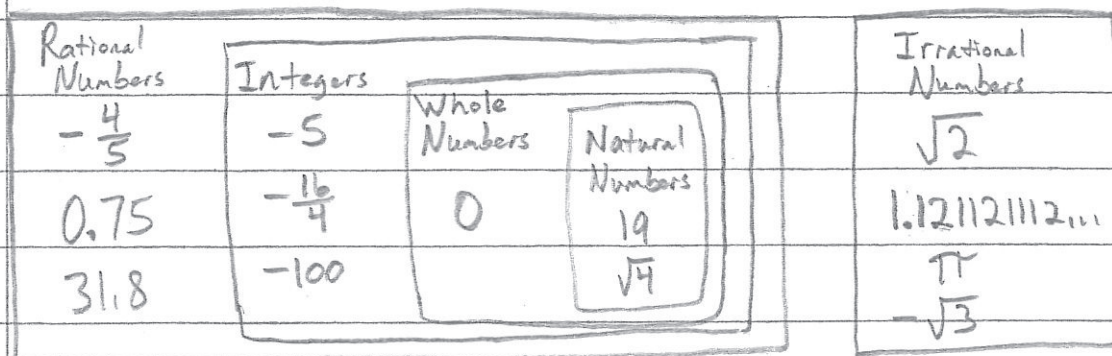
Answer: $8\frac{5}{11}$

$45.454545\dots$

$-\underline{.454545\dots}$

45

Irrational Numbers



Perfect Square

Ex. $49 \rightarrow \sqrt{49} = 7$

$$\sqrt{1} = 1$$

$$\sqrt{121} = 11$$

$$\sqrt{4} = 2$$

$$\sqrt{144} = 12$$

$$\sqrt{9} = 3$$

$$\sqrt{169} = 13$$

$$\sqrt{16} = 4$$

$$\sqrt{196} = 14$$

$$\sqrt{25} = 5$$

$$\sqrt{225} = 15$$

$$\sqrt{36} = 6$$

$$\sqrt{256} = 16$$

$$\sqrt{49} = 7$$

$$\sqrt{289} = 17$$

$$\sqrt{64} = 8$$

$$\sqrt{324} = 18$$

$$\sqrt{81} = 9$$

$$\sqrt{361} = 19$$

$$\sqrt{100} = 10$$

$$\sqrt{400} = 20$$

Compare and Order Real Numbers

Estimate $\sqrt{299}$.

$$\textcircled{1} \sqrt{289} < \sqrt{299} < \sqrt{324}$$

$$17 < \sqrt{299} < 18$$

$$\boxed{\sqrt{299} \approx 17}$$

Approximate $\sqrt{115}$ to the nearest tenth.

$$\textcircled{2} \sqrt{100} < \sqrt{115} < \sqrt{121}$$

$$10 < \sqrt{115} < 11$$

$$\boxed{\sqrt{115} \approx 10.7}$$

$$10.6 \times 10.6 = 112.36$$

$$10.7 \times 10.7 = 114.49$$

$$10.8 \times 10.8 = 116.64$$

Order 4π , 12.5 , $12.\overline{68}$, $\sqrt{156}$ from least to greatest.

$$\textcircled{3} 4\pi = 4 \cdot (3.14159) = 12.566\dots$$

$$12.5 = 12.5$$

$$12.\overline{68} = 12.686868\dots$$

$$\sqrt{156} = 12.489996\dots$$

$$\boxed{\sqrt{156}, 12.5, 4\pi, 12.\overline{68}}$$

Evaluate Square Roots and Cube Roots

Square Root $\rightarrow \sqrt{\quad}$ \rightarrow Ex. $\sqrt{9} = 3$

Cube Root $\rightarrow \sqrt[3]{\quad}$ \rightarrow Ex. $\sqrt[3]{125} = 5$

Evaluate.

① $\sqrt{225}$

$$\sqrt{225} = \sqrt{15 \cdot 15}$$

$$= \sqrt{15^2}$$

$$= \boxed{15}$$

② $\sqrt[3]{343}$

$$\sqrt[3]{343} = \sqrt[3]{7 \cdot 7 \cdot 7}$$

$$= \sqrt[3]{7^3}$$

$$= \boxed{7}$$

③ $\sqrt[3]{1,728}$

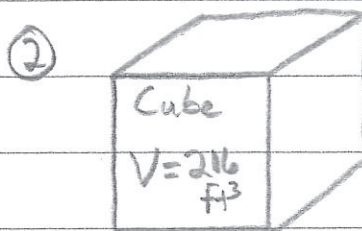
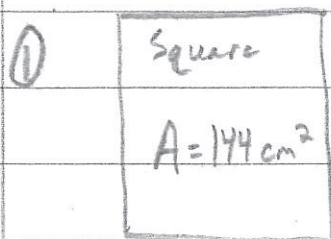
$$\sqrt[3]{1,728} = \sqrt[3]{12 \cdot 12 \cdot 12}$$

$$= \sqrt[3]{12^3}$$

$$= \boxed{12}$$

Solve Equations Using Square Roots and Cube Roots

Find the side length.



$$A = s^2$$
$$\sqrt{144} = \sqrt{s^2}$$

$$\pm 12 = s$$

$$s = 12 \text{ cm}$$

$$V = s^3$$

$$\sqrt[3]{216} = \sqrt[3]{s^3}$$

$$6 = s$$

$$s = 6 \text{ ft}$$

Solve for X.

③ $X^2 = 113$

$$\sqrt{X^2} = \sqrt{113}$$

$$X = \pm \sqrt{113}$$

④ $X^3 = 19$

$$\sqrt[3]{X^3} = \sqrt[3]{19}$$

$$X = \sqrt[3]{19}$$

Using Properties of Integer Exponents

Write an equivalent expression.

$$\begin{aligned}\textcircled{1} \quad 5^2 \times 5^4 &= (5 \times 5) \times (5 \times 5 \times 5 \times 5) \\ &= 5^{2+4} \\ &= \boxed{5^6}\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\textcircled{2} \quad (8^3)^4 &= (8^3)(8^3)(8^3)(8^3) \\ &= 8^{3+3+3+3} \text{ or } 8^{3 \times 4} \\ &= \boxed{8^{12}}\end{aligned}$$

$$\textcircled{3} \quad 7^8 \div 7^5 = \frac{7^8}{7^5}$$

$$= \frac{7 \times 7 \times 7 \times 7 \times 7 \times 7 \times 7 \times 7}{7 \times 7 \times 7 \times 7 \times 7}$$

$$= 7^{8-5}$$

$$= \boxed{7^3}$$

$$\textcircled{4} \quad 9^3 \times 9^{12} = \boxed{9^{15}}$$

$$\textcircled{5} \quad 9^3 \div 9^{12} = \frac{9^3}{9^{12}} = \boxed{\frac{1}{9^9}}$$

More Properties of Integer Exponents

Evaluate.

$$\textcircled{1} 4^0 = \boxed{1} \quad \textcircled{2} (-12)^0 = \boxed{1} \quad \textcircled{3} 7^5 \div 7^5 = 7^{5-5} \\ = 7^0 = \boxed{1}$$

Write each expression using positive exponents.

$$\textcircled{4} 12^{-3} = \boxed{\frac{1}{12^3}} \quad \textcircled{5} 8^{-7} = \boxed{\frac{1}{8^7}}$$

Simplify each expression for $y=5$.

$$\textcircled{6} 10y^{-3} = \frac{10}{y^3} \\ = \frac{10}{5^3} \\ = \frac{10 \div 5}{125 \div 5} = \boxed{\frac{2}{25}}$$
$$\textcircled{7} 5y^0(y^{-2}) = \frac{5 \cdot y^0}{y^2} \\ = \frac{5 \cdot 1}{5^2} \\ = \frac{5 \div 5}{25 \div 5} = \boxed{\frac{1}{5}}$$

Use Powers of 10 to Estimate Quantities

① Estimate Large Quantities

Compare the populations of China and Japan.

$$\text{China} = 1,402,941,487 \quad \text{Japan} = 126,818,019$$

$$\text{Round} \rightarrow \quad 1,000,000,000 \quad 100,000,000$$

$$\text{Count Zeros} \rightarrow \quad \begin{array}{l} 9 \text{ zeros} \\ \downarrow \\ 1 \times 10^9 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} 8 \text{ zeros} \\ \downarrow \\ 1 \times 10^8 \end{array}$$

$1 \times 10^9 > 1 \times 10^8$, China has a greater population.

② Estimate Small Quantities

$$\text{Sheet of Paper} = 0.0013 \text{ m} \quad \text{Human Hair} = 0.000177 \text{ m}$$

$$\text{Round} \rightarrow \quad \begin{array}{l} 0.001 \\ \downarrow \\ 1 \times 10^{-3} \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} 0.0002 \\ \downarrow \\ 2 \times 10^{-4} \end{array}$$

$1 \times 10^{-3} > 2 \times 10^{-4}$, a sheet of paper is thicker than human hair

③ How many times greater is the greater number?

a) $7 \times 10^8, 7 \times 10^6$
100 times greater

b) $2 \times 10^{-5}, 2 \times 10^{-8}$
1,000 times greater

Scientific Notation

① Large Numbers in Scientific Notation

Distance from Earth to the Sun

92,960,000 miles
(7 spots)

$$9.296 \times 10^7 \text{ miles}$$

↑ Greater than or equal to 1 and less than 10

② Small Numbers in Scientific Notation

Width of a red blood cell

0.00000703 m
(6 spots)

$$7.03 \times 10^{-6} \text{ m}$$

③ Scientific Notation → Standard Form

$$a) 3.5 \times 10^{15} = \overbrace{3,500,000,000,000,000}^{10^{15}}$$

$$b) 8 \times 10^{-9} = \overbrace{0.000000008}^{10^{-9}}$$

Operations with Numbers in Scientific Notation

1) $2.5 \times 10^7 + 2.25 \times 10^8$

Method #1

$$\begin{array}{r} 225,000,000 \\ + 25,000,000 \\ \hline 250,000,000 \\ \boxed{2.5 \times 10^8} \end{array}$$

Method #2

$$\begin{array}{r} 22.5 \times 10^7 \\ + 2.5 \times 10^7 \\ \hline 25.0 \times 10^7 \\ \boxed{2.5 \times 10^8} \end{array}$$

2) $(8.2 \times 10^2) \times 43$ 3) $(1.83 \times 10^6) \div 30$

$$\begin{array}{r} 8.2 \\ \times 43 \\ \hline 246 \\ + 3280 \\ \hline 3526 \end{array}$$

352.6×10^2

$\boxed{3.526 \times 10^4}$

$$\begin{array}{r} .061 \\ 30 \overline{) 1.830} \\ \underline{- 0} \\ 183 \\ \underline{- 180} \\ 30 \\ \underline{- 30} \\ 0 \end{array}$$

$.061 \times 10^6$

$\boxed{6.1 \times 10^4}$