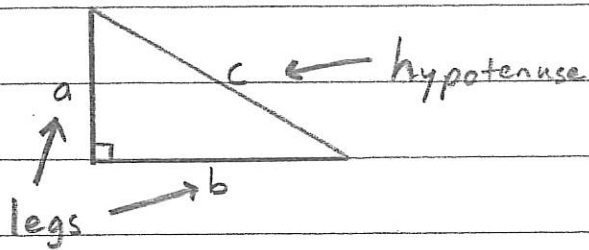
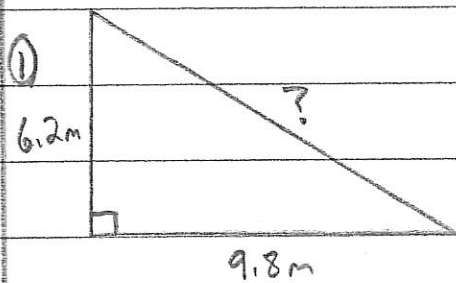


The Pythagorean Theorem



$$c^2 = a^2 + b^2$$

Find the missing measure of each triangle. Round to the nearest tenth.



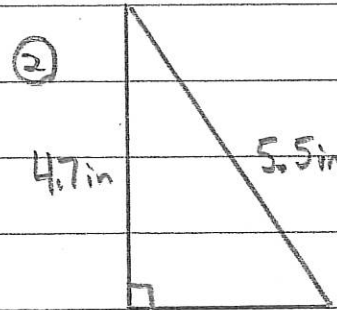
$$c^2 = a^2 + b^2$$

$$c^2 = 6.2^2 + 9.8^2$$

$$c^2 = 38.44 + 96.04$$

$$\sqrt{c^2} = \sqrt{134.48}$$

$$c = 11.6m$$



$$c^2 = a^2 + b^2$$

$$5.5^2 = a^2 + 4.7^2$$

$$30.25 = a^2 + 22.09$$

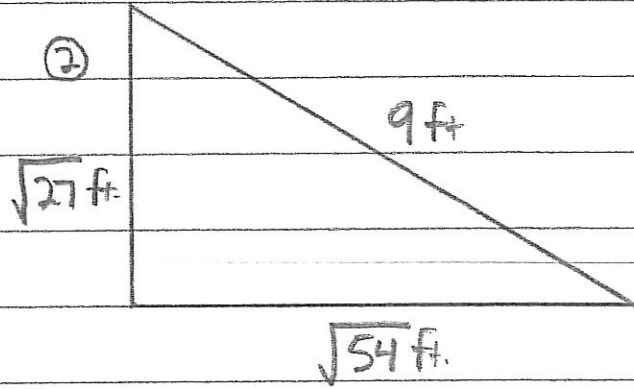
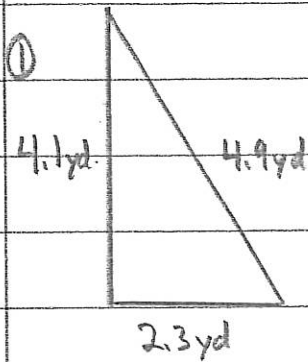
$$\begin{array}{r} -22.09 \\ \hline \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r} -22.09 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\sqrt{8.16} = \sqrt{a^2}$$

$$2.9in = a$$

Converse of the Pythagorean Theorem

Is the triangle a right triangle?



$$a^2 + b^2 \stackrel{?}{=} c^2$$

$$2.3^2 + 4.1^2 \stackrel{?}{=} 4.9^2$$

$$5.29 + 16.81 \stackrel{?}{=} 24.01$$

$$22.1 \neq 24.01$$

No, it is not a
right triangle

$$a^2 + b^2 \stackrel{?}{=} c^2$$

$$\sqrt{27}^2 + \sqrt{54}^2 \stackrel{?}{=} 9^2$$

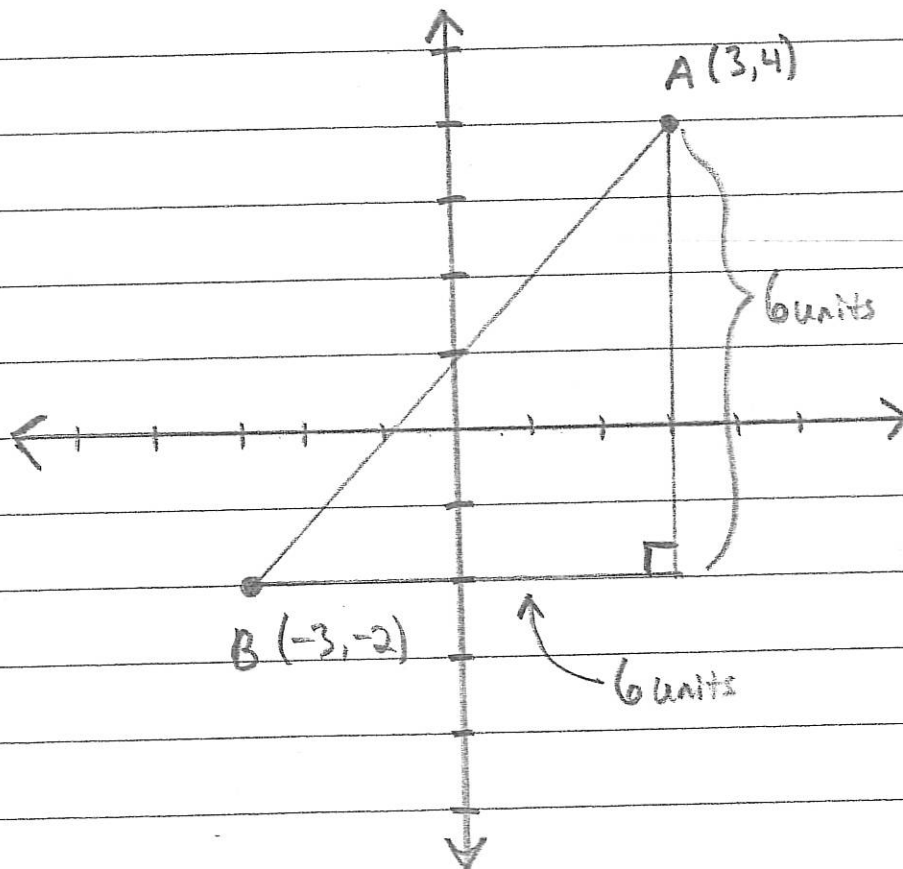
$$27 + 54 \stackrel{?}{=} 81$$

$$81 = 81$$

Yes, it is a
right triangle

Distance Between Points on the Coordinate Plane

Find the distance between points A and B.
(Round-Tenths)



$$c^2 = a^2 + b^2$$

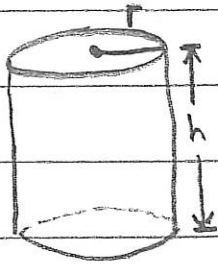
$$c^2 = 6^2 + 6^2$$

$$c^2 = 36 + 36$$

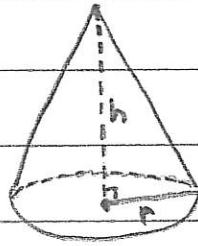
$$\sqrt{c^2} = \sqrt{72}$$

$$c = 8.5 \text{ units}$$

Volume of Cylinders and Cones

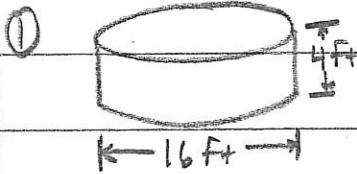


$$V = \pi r^2 h$$



$$V = \pi r^2 \frac{h}{3} \text{ or } \frac{1}{3} \pi r^2 h$$

Find the volume. Round to the nearest hundredth and answer in terms of π .



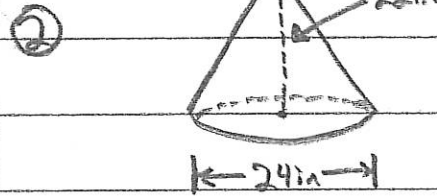
$$V = \pi r^2 h$$

$$V = (3.14159)(8^2)(4)$$

$$V = 804.25 \text{ ft}^3$$

$$V = \pi (8^2)(4)$$

$$V = 256\pi \text{ ft}^3$$



$$V = \frac{1}{3} \pi r^2 h$$

$$V = \frac{1}{3} (3.14159)(12^2)(22)$$

$$V = 3,317.52 \text{ in}^3$$

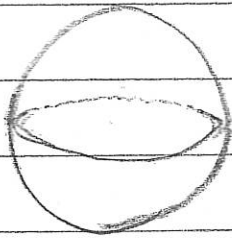
$$V = \frac{1}{3} \pi r^2 h$$

$$V = \frac{1}{3} \pi (12^2)(22)$$

$$V = 1,056\pi \text{ in}^3$$

Answered
in terms
of π

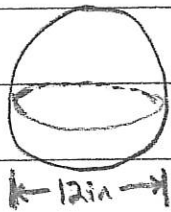
Volume and Surface Area of Spheres



$$V = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$$

$$SA = 4\pi r^2$$

Find the volume and surface area. Round to the nearest hundredth and answer in terms of π .



Answered in terms of π

$$V = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$$

$$V = \frac{4}{3}(3.14159)(6^3)$$

$$V = 904.78 \text{ in}^3$$

$$SA = 4\pi r^2$$

$$SA = 4(3.14159)(6^2)$$

$$SA = 452.39 \text{ in}^2$$

$$V = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$$

$$V = \frac{4}{3}\pi(6^3)$$

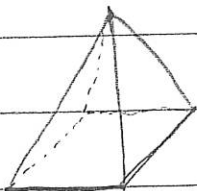
$$V = 288\pi$$

$$SA = 4\pi r^2$$

$$SA = 4\pi(6^2)$$

$$SA = 144\pi$$

Volume of a Pyramid

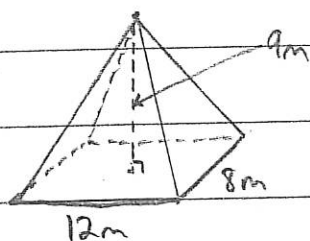


$$V = \frac{1}{3} Bh$$

B = Area of the base

Find the volume. Round to the nearest hundredth.

①

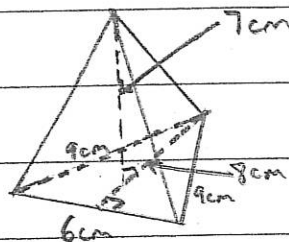


$$V = \frac{1}{3} Bh$$

$$V = \frac{1}{3} (12)(8)(9)$$

$$V = 288 \text{ m}^3$$

②



$$V = \frac{1}{3} Bh$$

$$V = \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)(6)(8)(7)$$

$$V = 56 \text{ cm}^3$$

$$B = \frac{1}{2} bh$$

Solving Inequalities

Inequalities: $>$, $<$, \geq , and \leq

Solve and graph each inequality.

$$\textcircled{1} \quad 3(x+2)+13 > 55$$

$$3x+6+13 > 55$$

$$3x+19 > 55$$

$$\begin{array}{r} -19 \quad -19 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\frac{3x}{3} > \frac{36}{3}$$

$$x > 12$$



$$\textcircled{2} \quad -3(x+4)+3 \geq 9$$

$$-3x-12+3 \geq 9$$

$$-3x-9 \geq 9$$

$$\begin{array}{r} +9 \quad +9 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\frac{-3x}{-3} \geq \frac{18}{-3}$$

$$x \leq -6$$

Reverse
the
Inequality

