

1-8 Study Guide and Intervention**Algebra: Properties**

Property	Arithmetic	Algebra
Distributive Property	$5(3 + 4) = 5(3) + 5(4)$	$a(b + c) = a(b) + a(c)$
Commutative Property of Addition	$5 + 3 = 3 + 5$	$a + b = b + a$
Commutative Property of Multiplication	$5 \times 3 = 3 \times 5$	$a \times b = b \times a$
Associative Property of Addition	$(2 + 3) + 4 = 2 + (3 + 4)$	$(a + b) + c = a + (b + c)$
Associative Property of Multiplication	$(4 \times 5) \times 6 = 4 \times (5 \times 6)$	$(a \times b) \times c = a \times (b \times c)$
Identity Property of Addition	$5 + 0 = 5$	$a + 0 = a$
Identity Property of Multiplication	$5 \times 1 = 5$	$a \times 1 = a$

Example 1 Use the Distributive Property to write $6(4 + 3)$ as an equivalent expression. Then evaluate the expression.

$$\begin{aligned} 6(4 + 3) &= 6 \cdot 4 + 6 \cdot 3 && \text{Apply the Distributive Property.} \\ &= 24 + 18 && \text{Multiply.} \\ &= 42 && \text{Add.} \end{aligned}$$

Example 2 Name the property shown by each statement.

$$\begin{aligned} 5 \times 4 &= 4 \times 5 && \text{Commutative Property of Multiplication} \\ 12 + 0 &= 12 && \text{Identity Property of Addition} \\ 7 + (6 + 3) &= (7 + 6) + 3 && \text{Associative Property of Addition} \end{aligned}$$

Exercises

Use the Distributive Property to write each expression as an equivalent expression. Then evaluate the expression.

1. $5(7 + 2)$ $5(7) + 5(2)$; 45 2. $4(9 + 1)$ $4(9) + 4(1)$; 40 3. $2(6 + 7)$ $2(6) + 2(7)$; 26

Name the property shown by each statement.

- | | |
|--|---|
| 4. $9 \times 1 = 9$
Identity Property (×) | 5. $7 \times 3 = 3 \times 7$
Commutative Property (×) |
| 6. $(7 + 8) + 2 = 7 + (8 + 2)$
Associative Property (+) | 7. $6(3 + 2) = 6(3) + 6(2)$
Distributive Property |
| 8. $15 + 12 = 12 + 15$
Commutative Property (+) | 9. $1 \times 20 = 20$
Identity Property (×) |
| 10. $(9 \times 5) \times 2 = 9 \times (5 \times 2)$
Associative Property (×) | 11. $3 = 0 + 3$
Identity Property (+) |